

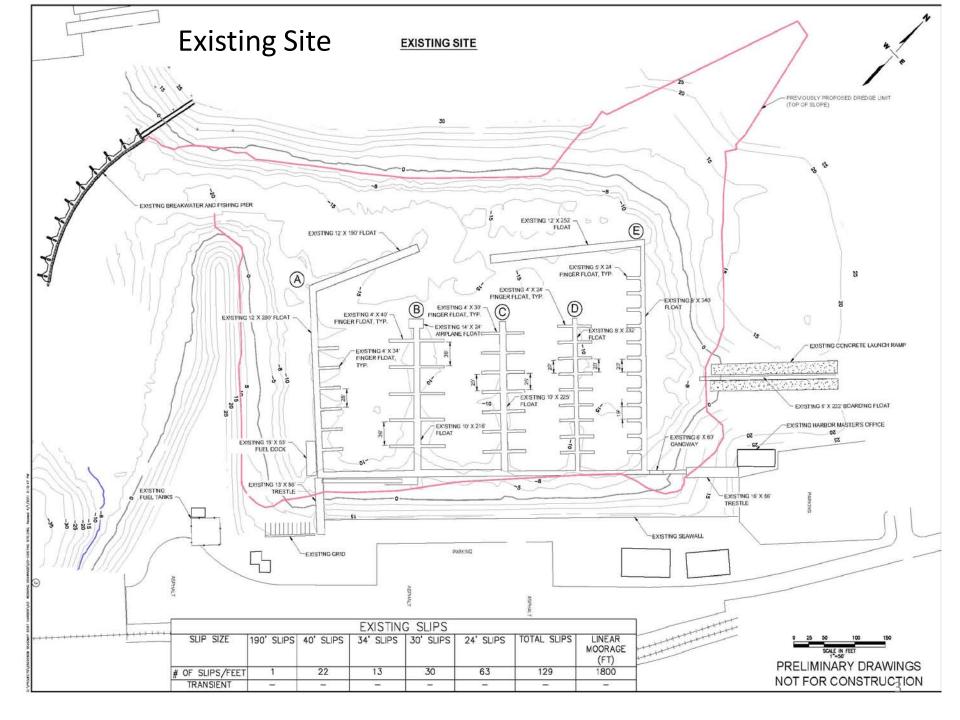
Skagway Small Boat Harbor Improvements

Concepts 1 & 2

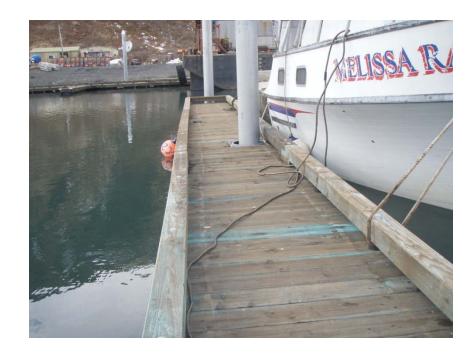


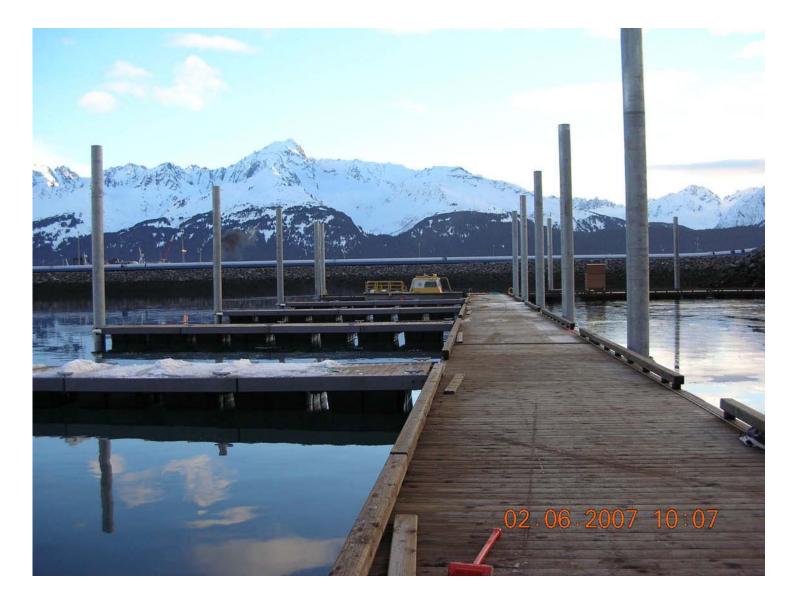
April, 2011





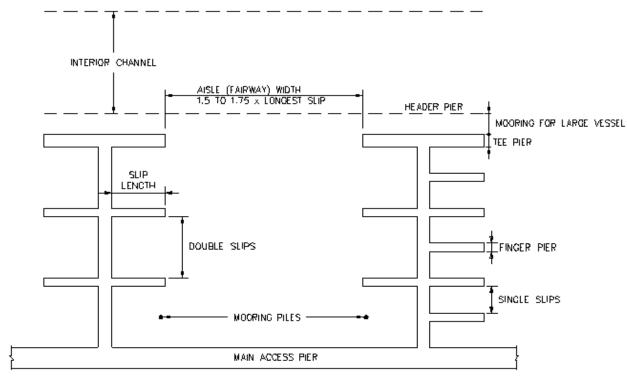






Design Criteria

- 1) No. 1 goal is to dredge the existing basin and replace the existing float system, gangways, and ramps.
- 2) Phase 1 Budget \$11.4 M.
- 3) ASCE Guidelines for Small Craft Harbors.
 - ASCE recommends main channels to be 75' wide, minimum, 100' preferred. Width is measured at control depth.
 - ASCE Aisle widths:



NOTES: PLAN DIMENSIONS DEPEND ON THE NUMBER AND SIZE OF BOATS SERVED.

ASCE Float Layout Parameters, Dimensions in feet

Slip Length	Single Slip Clear Width	Double Slip Clear Width
25	13	26
30	14	29
35	16	32
40	18	35
45	19	39
50	20	41
55	22	43
60	23	45

Finger Float widths, requested to be slightly wider. ASCE recommends 10% of boat length, with a minimum of any finger float to be 3-ft.

Skagway Harbor Committee Recommendations (for layout):

Accommodate Annual and Waitlist vessel fleet (with flexibility)
Maximize 30ft to 40-ft slips to meet rising demand (smaller vessels may moor 2 boats per slip).

•A Float for commercial users.

•Ferry Loading on South side of A Float or Dogleg of A.

•Access on S. Side of A Float should be improved for larger vessel moorage (dredge).

Charters on North side of A Float (most are currently 32' to 36' length)
Consider Future Plans in Phase 1.

•Linear/side tie moorage on east side. Modify trestles in both concepts to allow skiff access. Depth should be -6ft elev.

•Dredge to -18 ft on the west side of the harbor basin, full length of basin.

•Dredge to -14 ft in the rest of the basin.

•Focus on improving harbor in existing location.

•Phase 1: accommodate annual plus larger vessels in waitlist fleet at minimum (smaller vessels are trailer-able).

•Launch Ramp—replace boarding float at minimum.

Skagway Harbor Committee Recommendations (for layout): continued

- •Wider (12') Headwalk, A Float and West Side Float.
- •One concept should consider accommodating commercial development. Larger slips do this. Also include drive down float.
- •Future development should include a ship lift facility.
- •All unprotected (no armor rock) shall be 3:1 slope. Steeper slopes will have rock protection.
- •Consider sheetpile bulkheads where possible to maximize acreage in harbor basin.
- •Future plan shall include a seawalk that connects wave barrier to Gateway project sidewalk (DOT).
- •Moorage for large transient yachts (140ft length) should be provided.
- •Fuel dock, drive-down dock, and launch ramp should be separate/independent structures.
- •Move fuel dock (and sewer/water) to west side of harbor b/c nearshore end of A Float is inaccessible to larger vessels.
- •Consider Finger floats on inside of A Float.
- •Consider wider main floats and finger floats.

Skagway Harbor Committee Recommendations (for layout): continued

•Dredging along the western side of the harbor would give more space; Municipality owns the land but it is under long term lease to DOT for the ferry. May be possible to get some land back.

•Dredging to the north up to the High Tide Line of the existing beach could represent good balance between harbor and uplands uses.

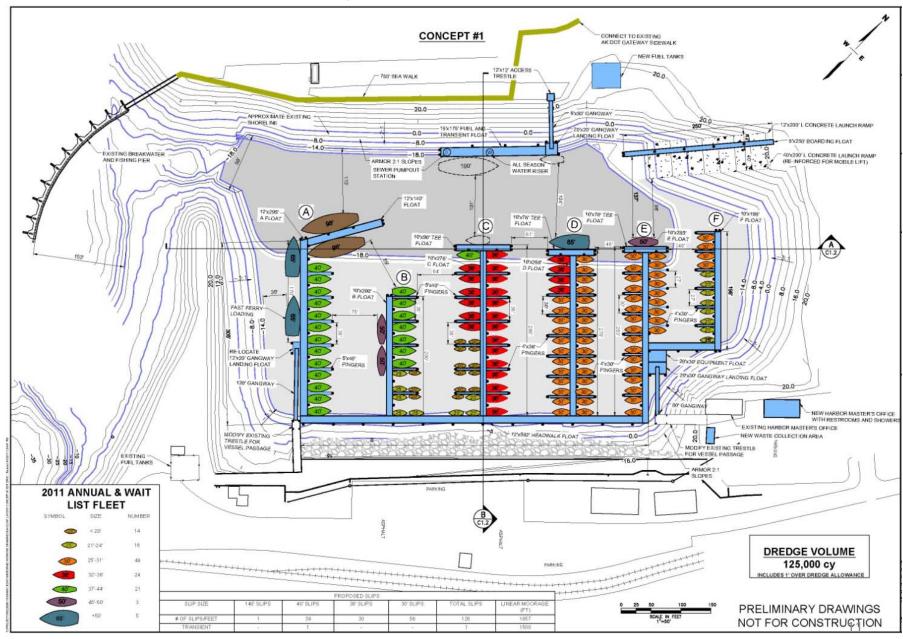
•Consider sheetpiling in some areas; would reduce the slopes required and leave more space. Consider soldier pile wall on breakwater. Although, it is understood that the high cost of sheetpiling in some areas may not provide enough extra space to warrant it. A cost comparison will help to make decisions.

Dredging should be completed in Phase 1, if possible to complete the entire new basin. (This later found may be impractical given permitting requirements)
Include waste collection area.

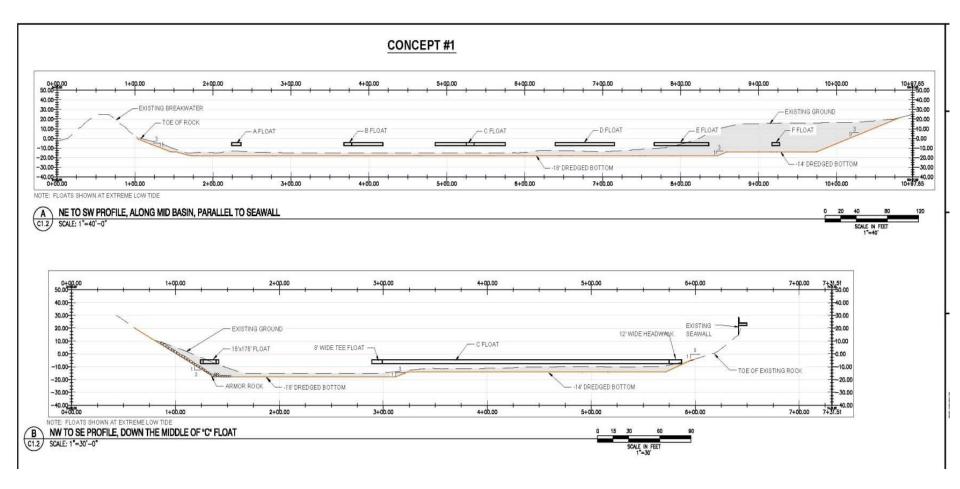
•Include fish cleaning station, barge to remove waste from harbor area.

- •Include removable airplane float.
- •Include equipment float for a storage shed (for snowblower and other equipment).
- •Year round water service at one location.

Concept No. 1—Full Build-Out



Dredge Cross Sections, Concept No. 1

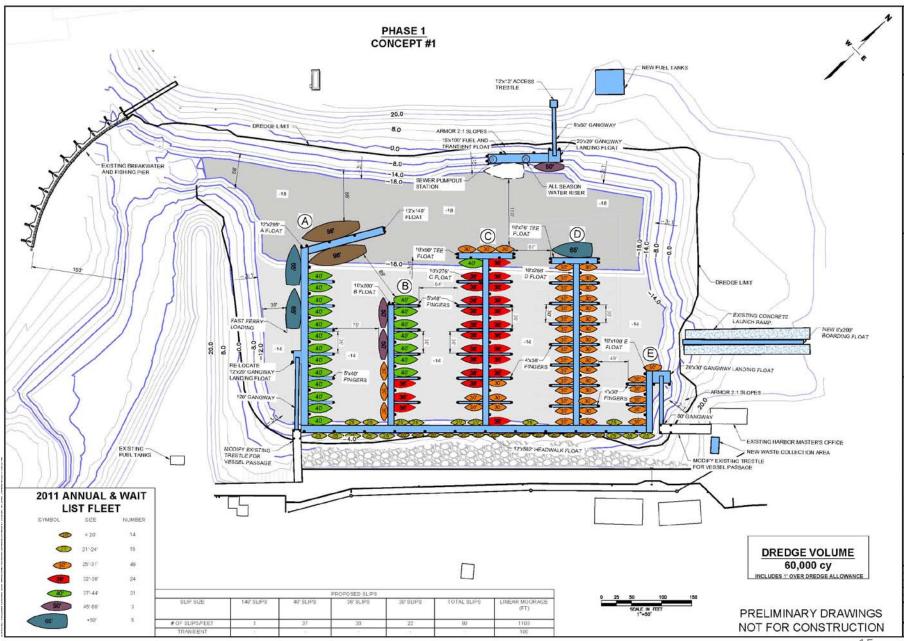


Concept 1

Advantages	<u>Disadvantages</u>
Least Costly Alternative.	
Moves float system west and allows all tide	
access to east side. Provides Dedicated Moorage for all Annual and	Difficult to fit fleet in Ph.1. No remaining
Waitlist Vessels	transient moorage in Ph.1.
Maximizes larger slips – more 30-40' slips in	Aisle clearance between A & B is tight.
both Phase 1 and full build-out.	
Full build-out maximizes overall moorage.	
Full build-out puts more of the smaller vessels	
in slips (i.e., 2 ea 20ft boats in one 40ft slip).	
Follows Standard—larger to smaller slips as	
you get further into the harbor.	
Rock protection (in lieu of sheetpile) decreases	Harbor basin slopes (i.e., no sheetpile)
wave action in harbor.	decrease overall acreage available.
West side development can occur in Phase 1	West side float in Ph1. Is shorter than full build-out.
Launch Ramp—low cost, multipurpose=can be	No new launch ramp in Phase 1. (float only) ,
used with a mobile lift in lieu of expensive ship	somewhat congested at launch ramp until
lift dock facility.	future ramp is built.
Fuel float on the west side=more accessible.	Fuel float on west side sticks out further into
Sewer and water also available at this location.	channel.
	Ph. 1 also does not include roofs on
	gangways, equipment float, airplane float,
	HM office/restrooms and northward floats (E & F).
	North gangway is only 80'L. Although this
	meets ADA requirements, longer gangways
	are preferred.

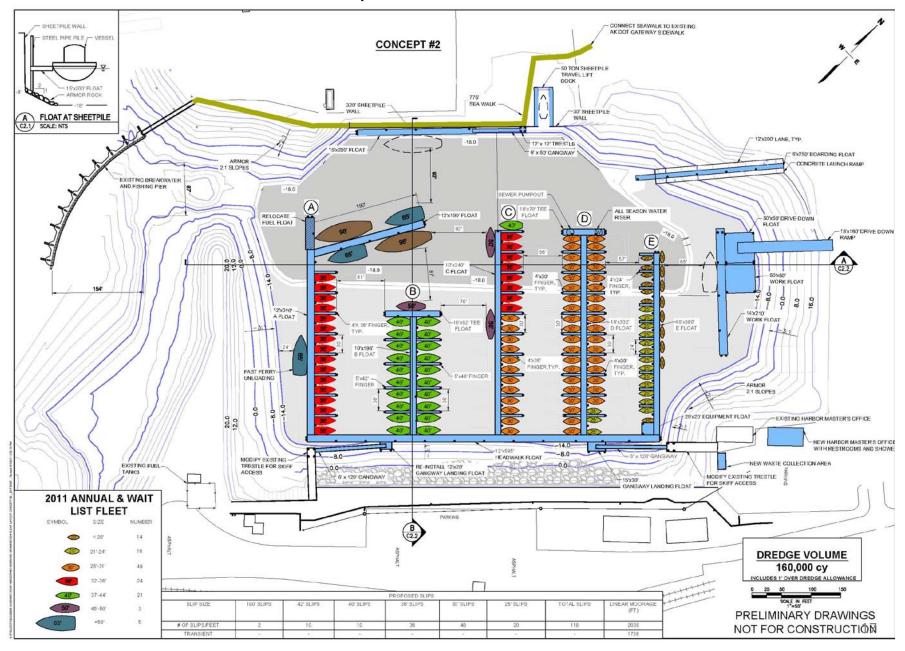
Municipality of Skagway			
PRELIMINARY OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS			
Concept #1 4/5/2011			
Work Description	Price		
Site Preparation	\$526,000		
Dredging	\$5,290,000		
A-F Floats System	\$5,766,375		
West Side Fuel/Transient Float	\$921,000		
Launch Ramp	\$1,000,700		
Upland Ameneties	\$2,670,000		
TOTAL BASE ITEM AMOUNT:	\$16,174,075		
Budget-Level Estimate Contingency @ 25%:	\$4,043,519		
TOTAL ESTIMATED PROJECT COST:	\$20,217,594		

Phase 1—Concept No. 1

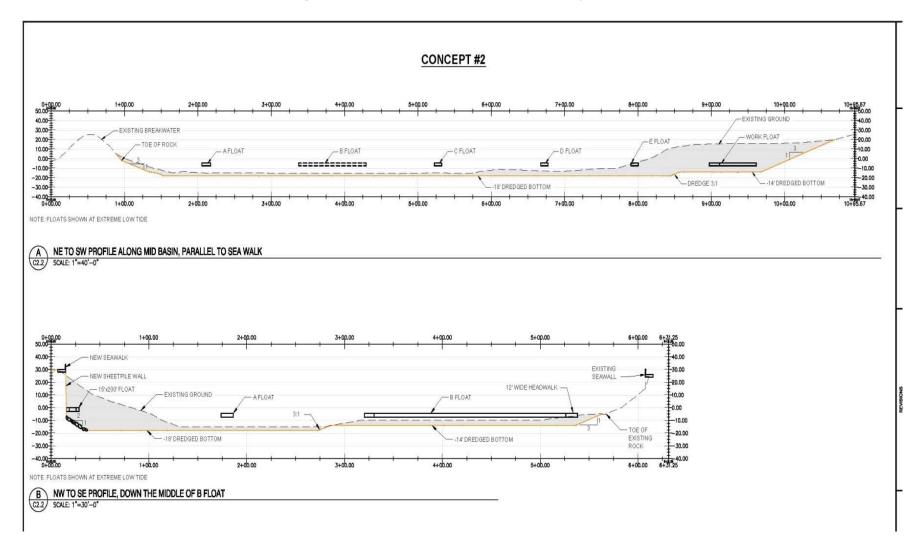


Municipality of Skagway			
PRELIMINARY OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS			
Concept #1, Phase 1 4/5/2011			
Work Description	Price		
Site Preparation	\$526,000		
Dredging	\$3,000,000		
A-F Floats System	\$4,697,985		
West Side Fuel/Transient Float	\$792,775		
Refurbish Existing Launch Ramp	\$168,300		
Upland Ameneties	\$15,000		
TOTAL BASE ITEM AMOUNT:	\$9,200,060		
Budget-Level Estimate Contingency @ 25%:	\$2,300,015		
TOTAL ESTIMATED PROJECT COST:	\$11,500,075		

Concept No. 2—Full Build-Out



Dredge Cross Sections—Concept No. 2



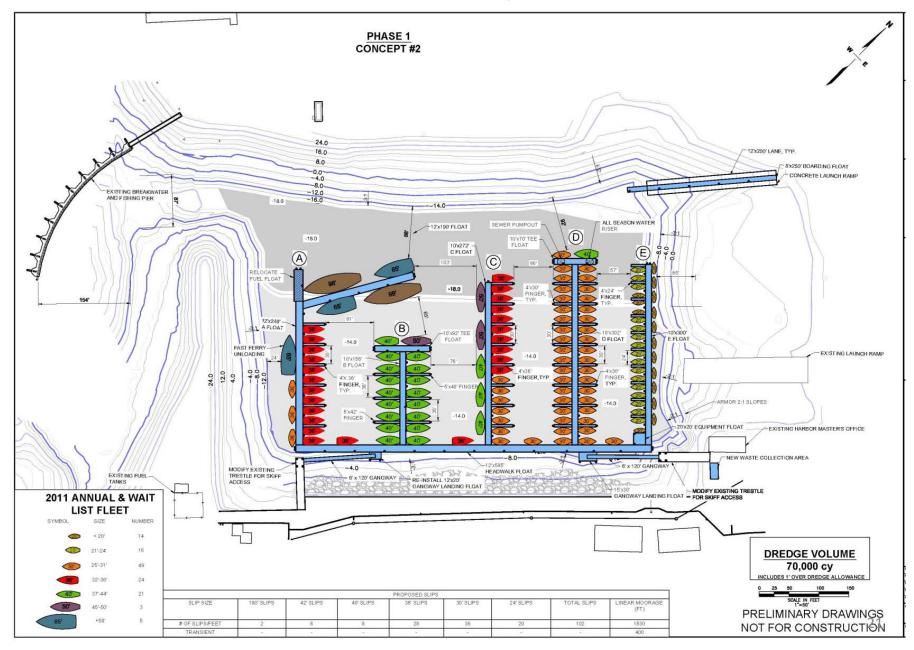
Concept 2

Advantages	<u>Disadvantages</u>
Provides Dedicated Moorage for all Annual and	More costly alternative.
Waitlist Vessels.	
Moves float system west and allows all tide	190ft dogleg on A sticks out further into
access to east side.	channel.
Phase 1 better accommodates the fleet with	Less moorage in full build-out than C.1. (This is
some transient space available.	mainly due to Work float taking up space).
	Additional moorage is possible to the north,
	such that there would be more than C.1.
Provides for commercial facilities Drive Down	Less number of 30-40' slips, replaced by
Float, Work Float, etc.	smaller 24' slips.
36' slips on A Float= current charter boat size.	36' slips on A Floats does not follow
	standard—larger to smaller as you get further
	into harbor. Assumes charter vessels size does
	not increase in future.
Seawall on west side helps to maximize moorage	Seawall on west side is expensive, can't be
space and alleviates channel restriction, and	done within budget for Phase 1.
allows further westward expansion of main	
harbor area.	
Longer float on west side.	Sheetpile may cause some wave reflection
	within harbor basin
Dedicated ship lift facility	Ship Lift Dock facility is expensive.
190ft dogleg on A Float is preferred.	Phase 1 shortens A, B, C, and D float by 4 slips
	each.
Linear moorage on both A and B float is preferred	Phase 1 also does not include West side
by some.	development, HM Office/Restrooms,
	equipment float, airplane float.
Both gangways are 120' long. North-South	Fuel Float relocated to west end of A float to
oriented gangways preferred to maximize	provide easier access, but is close to entrance
moorage on A Float.	channel. This may cause some congestion for
	vessels accessing A Float during high winds.

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Municipality of Skagway			
PRELIMINARY OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS			
Concept #2 4/5/2011			
Work Description	Price		
Site Preparation	\$526,000		
Sheet Pile Bulkhead	\$3,056,250		
Dredging	\$5,675,000		
Travel Lift Dock	\$2,000,000		
A-E Floats System	\$5,718,670		
Drive Down/Work Float System	\$1,502,100		
West Side Fuel Float	\$688,000		
Launch Ramp	\$1,000,700		
Upland Ameneties	\$2,670,000		
TOTAL BASE ITEM AMOUNT:	\$22,836,720		
Budget-Level Estimate Contingency @ 25%:	\$5,709,180		
TOTAL ESTIMATED PROJECT COST:	\$28,545,900		

Phase 1—Concept No. 2



Municipality of Skagway		
PRELIMINARY OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COSTS		
Concept #2, Phase 1		
4/5/2011		
Work Description	Price	
Site Preparation	\$526,000	
Dredging	\$2,750,000	
A-E Floats System	\$5,241,280	
Launch Ramp	\$998,200	
Upland Ameneties	\$15,000	
TOTAL BASE ITEM AMOUNT:	\$9,530,480	
Budget-Level Estimate Contingency @ 25%:		
TOTAL ESTIMATED PROJECT COST:	\$11,913,100	



Moorage Summary

	140' or 190' slips	30' to 40' Slips	24' Slips	Linear moorage (side-tie) (ft)	Total Linear Feet of Moorage (Ft)
Existing	1	65	63	1265	5190
Concept 1 (Phase 1)	1	89	0	1350	4710
Concept 1 (Future)	1	126	0	1850	6350
Concept 2 (Phase 1)	2	80	20	1330	4745
Concept 2 (Future)	2	96	20	2035	6211

Sea-Lift Hydraulic Trailer





Sea-Lift Trailer

